

UNIVERSITY OF BOLTON

OFF CAMPUS DIVISION

WESTERN INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE

BA (HONS) LAW

SEMESTER TWO EXAMINATIONS 2023/2024

CRIMINAL LAW

LAW4019

Date: 18th May 2024

Time: 10:00am – 10:30am

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

There are **FIFTEEN** (15) questions and you should answer **ALL** questions.

Each question is worth **TWO** (2) marks.

Both question paper and answer book must be handed in at the end of the examination.

All answers should be written in the answer book to be marked.

University of Bolton
Western International College
BA (Hons) Law
Semester 2 Examination 2023/2024
Criminal Law
Module No. LAW4019

Q1. In criminal law, which of the following scenarios best exemplifies recklessness?

- a) John knowingly points a loaded gun at his friend, not caring whether it's loaded or not.
- b) Sarah accidentally bumps into a shelf, causing a vase to fall and break.
- c) Michael, while driving under the influence of alcohol, disregards traffic signals and speeds through a red light.
- d) Emily, while hiking, takes a detour through a dangerous terrain despite knowing about the risks involved.

Q2. Which of the following is NOT an element of a crime?

- a) Mens rea
- b) Actus reus
- c) Concurrence
- d) Alibi

Q3. Alice, a nurse, intentionally administers the wrong medication to a patient, causing harm. What offense has Alice committed?

- a) Assault
- b) Battery
- c) Manslaughter
- d) Gross negligence manslaughter

PLEASE TURN THE PAGE

University of Bolton
Western International College
BA (Hons) Law
Semester 2 Examination 2023/2024
Criminal Law
Module No. LAW4019

Q4. Bob, a professional boxer, punches a spectator during a heated argument at a boxing match. What offense has Bob committed?

- a) Assault
- b) Battery
- c) Assault occasioning actual bodily harm
- d) Affray

Q5. Emily, during an altercation, spits at Sarah but misses. What offense has Emily committed under the Offences against the Person Act 1861?

- a) Assault
- b) Battery
- c) Common assault
- d) Assault occasioning actual bodily harm

Q6. Which of the following is an essential element of robbery?

- a) Intention to return the stolen property
- b) Use or threat of force
- c) Taking property without permission
- d) The value of the stolen property

Q7. Sarah, while cleaning her apartment, accidentally knocks over a vase, causing it to break. What is the mens rea in this scenario?

- a) Sarah's intention to clean her apartment
- b) Sarah's awareness of the risk of knocking over the vase
- c) Sarah's intention to break the vase
- d) None of the above

PLEASE TURN THE PAGE

University of Bolton
Western International College
BA (Hons) Law
Semester 2 Examination 2023/2024
Criminal Law
Module No. LAW4019

Q8. What did the Butler Committee propose as a new offense?

- a) Precarious intoxication
- b) Dangerous intoxication
- c) Damaging intoxication
- d) Detrimental intoxication

Q9. Which of the following parties may be convicted of a conspiracy to commit an offence where they are the only parties to the agreement?

- a) Rhys, aged 9 and his father, Mick
- b) Hannah and Rose, a married couple
- c) Laura and Ryan, a married couple
- d) Sarah and Thomas, who are engaged to be married

Q10. Murder is unlawful homicide committed with...

- a) Premeditation
- b) Hatred
- c) Malice aforethought
- d) Ill-will

Q11. Jaspreet kills her boyfriend after an argument. She is charged with murder and wishes to claim that she suffered a loss of control. If successful, what specific offence will she be convicted of?

- a) Homicide
- b) Involuntary manslaughter by loss of control
- c) Voluntary manslaughter by loss of control
- d) Murder

PLEASE TURN THE PAGE

University of Bolton
Western International College
BA (Hons) Law
Semester 2 Examination 2023/2024
Criminal Law
Module No. LAW4019

Q12. Criminal liability typically requires the presence of both:

- a) Actus reus and negligence
- b) Mens rea and recklessness
- c) Actus reus and mens rea
- d) Negligence and recklessness

Q13. What does the term 'actus non facit reum, nisi mens sit rea' mean?

- a) An act will not give rise to criminal liability unless it is done with a guilty mind
- b) An act is considered to be criminal if it is prohibited by statute or common law
- c) The defendants mental state is far more important than the actual act
- d) An act which is prohibited by statute or common law will always give rise to criminal liability, irrespective of the defendants state of mind

Q14. In many offences the mens rea required is that of _____, to cause the prohibited result.

- a) Aim
- b) Plan
- c) Objective
- d) Intention

Q15. Which Article of the ECHR upholds the principle of 'innocent until proven guilty'?

- a) Article 2(2)
- b) Article 4(2)
- c) Article 6(2)
- d) Article 8(2)

END OF QUESTIONS