UNIVERSITY OF BOLTON

INSTITUTE OF MANAGEMENT

BA (HONS) ACCOUNTANCY

SEMESTER 2 EXAMINATIONS 2021/2022

MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING FUNDAMENTALS

MODULE NO: ACC4016

Date: Thursday 19 May 2022

Time: 10.00 – 1.00

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

There are <u>SIX</u> questions on this paper.

Answer <u>BOTH</u> questions in section A, <u>ONE</u> question from section B and <u>ONE</u> question from section C

This is a closed book examination.

Section A Both questions are compulsory

Question 1

Sadiq Ltd has three production departments – X, Y and Z – and a service department known as the Maintenance which works for the production departments in the ratio of 45%, 45% and 10% respectively.

The following costs and relevant data, which represent normal activity levels, have been budgeted for the period ended 31st December 2016.

| | Х | Y | Z | Maintenance | Totals |
|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------------|--------|
| | 000's | 000's | 000's | 000's | 000's |
| | | | | | |
| Direct Wages | 30 | 40 | 50 | 0 | 120 |
| Direct Materials | 80 | 60 | 10 | 0 | 150 |
| Indirect Materials | 20 | 25 | 10 | 60 | 115 |
| Depreciation | | | | | 270 |
| Rates | | * | | | 80 |
| Power | | | | | 300 |
| Personnel | | | | | 60 |
| Insurance | | | | | 80 |
| | | | | | |

Relevant Data for the business to be used in overhead apportionments

| Direct Labour Hrs | 8,000 | 9,000 | 15,000 | 0 | 32,000 |
|-------------------|----------|----------|---------|----------|----------|
| Machine Hours | 15,000 | 20,000 | 3,000 | 2,000 | 40,000 |
| Floor area (m) | 1,000 | 2,000 | 1,000 | 3,000 | 7,000 |
| Fixed Assets | £260,000 | £240,000 | £80,000 | £120,000 | £700,000 |
| Employees | 50 | 60 | 100 | 50 | 260 |

Required:

a) Prepare an overhead apportionment sheet for Sadiq Ltd for the period ended 31st December 2022. (20 Marks)

b) Calculate appropriate overhead absorption rates for departments X, Y and Z. (5 Marks)

Question 1 continued over the page

Question 1 continues

c) The following data is available for the actual results for department X for the period ending 31st December 2020: -

Actual Overheads£300,000Actual Labour Hours20,000Actual Machine Hours30,000

Calculate the under/over recovery of overheads for department X.

(5 Marks)

d) Sadiq wants to price up a one-off job for a prestigious client. Information received from the production manager is as follows: -

Direct Material Incurred for the job£15,000Direct Labour Incurred for the job£25,000**Overheads allocated**10 machDepartment 115 machDepartment 220 Labo

10 machine hours 15 machine hours 20 Labour hours

The company's policy is that all jobs must make a profit margin on sales of 25%.

You are required to calculate the selling price for this one-off job based on the information above.

(10 Marks)

(Total 40 Marks)

Please turn the page

Question 2

Burrun Ltd produces and sells one product only, the squash racket, the standard cost of one unit being as follows: -

Direct Material S - 3 kg @ £20 per kg

Direct Material T - 2 kg @ £15 per litre

Direct Wages - 1 hr @ £5 per hr

Budgeted production is 5,000 units

During June 2020 the actual results were as follows: -

Production in Units 5,200

Material S - 15,000 kg costing £320,000

Material T - 10,000 kg costing £140,000

Direct Wages - 5,000 hrs costing £20,000

Required:

A. Calculate the following variances for June 2020: -

Direct Materials Price Variances

Direct Materials Usage Variances

Direct Labour Rate Variance

Direct Labour Efficiency Variance

Question 2 continued over the page

(16 marks)

Question 2 continued

B. Identify the main reasons why variances provide useful management information.

(5 Marks)

C. Analyse the different types of standards a business may use when setting up a standard costing system for management control purposes.

(4 Marks)

(Total 25 Marks)

END OF SECTION A

Please turn the page

Section B Answer 1 question from this section

Question 3

The following data has been extracted from the budgets and standard costs

of Glasgow Ltd, a company which manufactures and sells a single product.

| £ per uni 100.00 | t |
|---------------------|-------------|
| 40.00 | |
| 10.00 | |
| 5.00 | |
| | 40.00 10.00 |

Fixed production overhead costs are budgeted at £800,000 per annum. Normal production levels are thought to be 640,000 units per annum.

Budgeted selling and distribution costs are as follows: -

| Variable | £1.80 per unit sold |
|----------|---------------------|
| Fixed | £90,000 per annum |

Budgeted administration costs are £160,000 per annum.

The following patterns of sales and production are expected during the first six months of 2022.

| R ¹ | Jan – Mar | Apr - June |
|-----------------------|-----------|------------|
| Sales (units) | 80,000 | 100,000 |
| Production (units) | 90,000 | 110,000 |

There is no opening stock

Question 3 continued over page

Question 3 continued

Required:

Prepare profit statements for each of the two quarters using: -

- A. Marginal Costing
- **B.** Absorption Costing

(20 Marks)

Question 4

Randles Ltd has two processes

Material for 24,000 items was put into process K. There were no opening stocks and no

process losses. Other relevant information is: -

| Transfers to process L | 18,000 items |
|------------------------|--------------|
| Direct material cost | £72,000 |
| Direct labour cost | £64,000 |
| Overheads | £17,060 |

The unfinished items were complete as to materials and 60% complete as to conversion costs:

Information for process L is as follows: -

Transfers from process K 18,000 items (at a cost determined above)Items16,400 itemsCompleted16,400 itemsLabour Cost£69,192Overhead Cost£30,600

The unfinished items were deemed to be 25% complete as regards conversion costs.

Question 4 continued over the page

Question 4 contiinued

- A. Prepare the Process K Account
- B. Prepare the process L Account

(20 Marks)

END OF SECTION B

Please turn the page

Section C Answer 1 question from this section

Question 5

Discuss the Investment appraisal techniques available to the modern-day businesses who are contemplating a significant investment in new buildings and machinery.

(Total 15 Marks)

Question 6

Discuss the purpose of Limiting Factor Analysis when deciding on whether to invest in a short-term business opportunity. What are the advantages and limitations of this management accounting technique?

(Total 15 Marks)

END OF QUESTIONS