## UNIVERSITY OF BOLTON

## WESTERN INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE FZE

## BENG (HONS) CIVIL ENGINEERING

## SEMESTER ONE EXAMINATION 2019/2020

## MATHEMATICS AND STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS

## MODULE NO: CIE4011

Date: Saturday 11 th January 2020
Time: 10.00am - 1.00pm

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:
There are FOUR questions on this paper.

Answer ALL questions.
All questions carry equal marks.
Marks for parts of questions are shown in the brackets.

This examination paper carries a total of 100 marks.

All working must be shown. A numerical solution to a question obtained by programming an electronic calculator will not be accepted.

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## SECTION A: STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS

## Question 1

Figure Q1(a) shows a cross section of a steel beam with a cantilever span of 6.0 m in the form of an "l" section.
a. Determine the position of the horizontal neutral axis of the beam.
b. What is the value of the second moment of area $I_{N A}$ about the horizontal neutral axis of the beam section?
(6 marks)
c. Determine the distribution of shear force in the beam given in Figure Q1(b). Draw a neat hand drawn diagram of its distribution (SFD) along the beam length, indicating the values of Shear force at A, B and C.
(5 marks)
d. For the loading configuration shown in Figure Q1(b), sketch the bending moment diagram, indicating the values of bending moment at significant points along the beam.
(5 marks)
e. Compute the maximum bending stress in the cantilever beam and sketch the stress distribution along the depth of the cross section.
(4 marks)


Figure Q1(a)
Section throuqh the Cantilever Beam ABC

Total 25 marks


Figure Q1(b) Loading on Cantilever Beam ABC

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## Question 1 continued over the page

## Question 1 continued

NOTE:
The moment of Inertia of Unsymmetrical section is given by I = lo + Ah $\boldsymbol{h}^{\mathbf{2}}$
The bending moment equation is given by

$$
\frac{M}{I}=\frac{\sigma}{y}=\frac{E}{R}
$$

## Question 2

A Warren truss as shown in Figure Q2, having a roller support at end A and pinned support at end $E$ is subjected to a vertical force of 40 kN at joint $\mathrm{C}, 10 \mathrm{kN}$ at joint $B$ and 30 kN at Joint D
a. Prove that the given pin-jointed truss is statically determinate. Determine the magnitude and direction of the support reactions at $A$ and $E$.
b. Using the method of resolution at joints, calculate the axial forces in the members of this truss and state whether each axial force is in tension or in compression.
c. Summarise your answer on a diagram of the truss layout.


Figure Q2: Warren Truss
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## Please Turn the Page for Section B

## SECTION B: MATHEMATICS

## Question 3

a. An approximate relationship between the number of teeth, T , on a miller cutter, the diameter of the cutter, $D$, and the diameter of the cut, $d$, is given by

$$
T=\frac{12.50 D}{D+4 d}
$$

Determine the value of $D$, when $T=10$ and $d=4 m m$
b. Solve the equation for $x$

$$
\log (x-1)+\log (x+8)=2 \log (x+2)
$$

(4 marks)
c. To estimate the amount of earth to be removed when constructing a cutting, the cross sectional area at intervals of 8 m intervals were estimated as follows

| Cross- Sectional Area $\left(\mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ | 0 | 2.80 | 3.70 | 4.50 | 4.10 | 2.6 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Estimate the volume to be excavated in cubic metres.
d. In a chemical reaction of sewage treatment plant, the amount of concentration ' $C$ ' in $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ left after ' $t$ ' minutes is given by

$$
C=40 e^{-0.0066}
$$

i. Plot a graph concentration 'C' against time ' t '
ii. Determine the concentration C after 1 hour
iii. The time taken for concentration to decrease by half

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## Question 4

a. Each cable joining the two towers on the Golden Gate Bridge in San Fransico, California can be modelled by the function

$$
y=\frac{1}{9000} x^{2}-\frac{7}{15} x+500
$$

where $x$ and $y$ are measured in metres. What is the height $h$ above the road of the cable at its lowest point?
b. The length of a bar, $l$ at a temperature $\theta$ is given by, $l=l_{0} e^{\alpha \theta}$, where $l_{0}$ and $\alpha$ are constants. Evaluate $l$, correct to 4 significant figures, when $l_{0}=2.587 \mathrm{~m}, \theta=321.7 \mathrm{~K}$ and $\alpha=1.771 \times 10^{-4}$ perK .
(4 marks)
c. Evaluate $(0.97)^{6}$ correct to 4 significant figures using the binomial theorem.
(7 marks)
d. A vertical tower $A B$ is situated on the lower edge of a ramp, as shown in Figure Q4


Figure Q4

From ' C ', the angle of elevation to the top of the tower is $17^{\circ}$; the angle of depression to the foot of the tower is $12^{\circ}$. If C is located at 35 m away from the tower, estimate the height of the tower.

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## Question 3 continued

e. Prove that $\frac{1+\cot \theta}{1+\tan \theta}=\cot \theta$

Total 25 marks

## END OF SECTION B

END OF QUESTIONS

## Please Turn the Page for Formula sheet

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## Formula sheet

$\mathrm{x}=\frac{-\mathrm{b} \pm \sqrt{\mathrm{b}^{2}-4 \mathrm{ac}}}{2 \mathrm{a}}$

| Coefficients in the expansion |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 2 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1 |  | 3 |  | 3 |  | 1 |  | A |  |  |
|  |  | 1 |  | 4 |  | 6 |  | 4 |  | 1 | , |  |  |
|  | 1 |  | 5 |  | 10 |  | 10 |  | 5 | $\checkmark$ | 1 |  |  |
| 1 |  | 6 |  | 15 |  | 20 |  | 15 |  | 6 |  | 1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |

$(a+b)^{n}=a^{n}+n a^{n-1} b+\frac{n(n-1)}{2!} a^{n-2} b^{2}+\frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{3!} a^{n-3} b^{3}+\ldots$ $\qquad$ $+b^{n}$

## Trapezium rule

$$
\text { Area }=\mathrm{b}\left[\frac{1}{2}\left(\mathrm{y}_{\text {fist }}+\mathrm{y}_{\text {lstt }}\right)+\mathrm{y}_{2}+\mathrm{y}_{3}+\mathrm{y}_{4}+\ldots . . .\right]
$$

## Mid-ordinate rule

$$
\text { Area }=\mathrm{b}\left(\mathrm{y}_{\mathrm{m} 1}+\mathrm{y}_{\mathrm{m} 2}+\mathrm{y}_{\mathrm{m} 3}+\ldots \ldots . .\right)
$$

## Simpson's rule

$$
\text { Area }=\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{~b}\left[\mathrm{y}_{1}+\mathrm{y}_{7}+4\left(\mathrm{y}_{2}+\mathrm{y}_{4}+\mathrm{y}_{6}\right)+2\left(\mathrm{y}_{3}+\mathrm{y}_{5}\right)\right]
$$



