## UNIVERSITY OF BOLTON

## RAK ACADEMIC CENTRE

## ACCOUNTANCY

## SEMESTER 1 EXAMINATIONS 2019/2020

## FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING FUNDAMENTALS

## MODULE NO: ACC4013

Date: Wednesday $15^{\text {th }}$ January 2020
Time: 1.00pm - 4.00pm

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:
There are TWO sections on this paper. You must answer FOUR questions ONLY as follows:

Answer ALL THREE questions in section ONE and ONE question ONLY from section TWO.

Silent calculators may be used.
This is a closed book examination.

University of Bolton
RAK Academic Centre
Accountancy
Semester 1 Examination 2019/20
Financial Accounting Fundamentals
Module No. ACC4013

## SECTION ONE: Answer all questions in this section

## Question 1

The following trial balance was taken from the books of Roopas Shop, a local retailer, on 31 December 2019.

|  | Dr (£) | Cr(£) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Purchases | 42,498 |  |
| Sales |  | 129,141 |
| Inventory (1 Jan 2019) | 324 | 837 |
| Returns | 513 | 1,458 |
| Discounts | 46,872 |  |
| Drawings | 135,000 |  |
| Buildings at cost |  | 13,500 |
| Provision for depreciation: Buildings | 32,400 |  |
| Fixtures and Fittings | 25,137 |  |
| Provision for depreciation: Fixtures and <br> Fittings | 3,051 |  |
| Wages and Salaries | 11,124 |  |
| Advertising | 9,976 |  |
| Rates | 5,427 |  |
| Sundry Expenses | 162 |  |
| Bank | 6,750 |  |
| Cash | 135 |  |
| Trade Receivables |  | 702 |
| Bad Debts |  | 5,049 |
| Provision for doubtful debts | $\mathbf{3 2 9 , 6 0 2}$ |  |
| Trade Payables | $\mathbf{3 2 9 , 6 0 2}$ |  |
| VAT |  |  |
| Capital |  |  |
| Long term loan |  |  |
|  |  |  |

## Question 1 continues over the page

University of Bolton
RAK Academic Centre
Accountancy
Semester 1 Examination 2019/20
Financial Accounting Fundamentals
Module No. ACC4013

## Question 1 continued

You are required to process the following transactions:

1. Inventory was valued at $£ 8,181$ on 31 December 2019
2. Depreciate buildings at $3 \%$ using reducing balance method
3. Depreciate fixtures and fittings at $8 \%$ per annum using straight line method
4. Provision for doubtful debts is to be $5 \%$ of trade receivables
5. Wages accrued are $£ 675$
6. Advertising prepaid is $£ 472$

Required:
(a) Prepare the income statement for the year ended 31 December 2019
(b) Prepare a Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2019
(c) Roopas partner owns a takeaway, he is confused with how to value closing inventory. He has asked Roopa to ask her accountant for some help with this matter.
Roopas partner sells three products Moon Bites, Star Bites and Galaxy Bites. The following information was available at year end:

|  | Moon Bites | Star Bites | Galaxy Bites |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | £ | £ | £ |
| Cost | 14 | 20 | 38 |
| Net Realisable Value | 20 | 16 | 30 |
| Units | 100 | 150 | 175 |

Required:
According to IAS 2 what was the value of the closing inventory?

Total 30 Marks

University of Bolton
RAK Academic Centre
Accountancy
Semester 1 Examination 2019/20
Financial Accounting Fundamentals
Module No. ACC4013

## Question 2

Michael and Matthew are the owners of an accountancy firm, offering their services to local businesses in the Bolton area. They set up in partnership on $1^{\text {st }}$ January 2019. Michael invested $£ 30,000$ as capital, and Matthew invested $£ 15,000$ as his capital. As the business has only started trading both partners are being cautious on the drawings that they take from the business. Interest would be charged on any drawings made.

The partnership agreement is as follows:
Charges:

- Interest on drawings $1 \%$ on a pro-rata monthly basis.

Entitlements:

- Profits/losses to be shared in the ratio of the initial capital provided by each partner.
- Michael and Matthew are entitled to an annual salary of $£ 2,250$ and $£ 1,500$ respectively.
- Interest on capital at 4\% per year on each partners opening balance on their capital.
- Interest on any loans made by the partners to be $3 \%$ on a pro-rata monthly basis.
The partners were to keep separate capital and current accounts.
Net profit for the year to 31 December 2019 amounted to $£ 20,880$.
During the year the partners had made drawings as below:
Michael - $£ 2,000$ on 1 July 2019, and $£ 350$ on 31 December 2019
Matthew - $£ 1,200$ at the end of June 2019 and $£ 550$ on 30 September 2019.
On 1 July 2019, the business required some extra funds in order to expand, and Michael made a loan to the partnership of $£ 2,250$.


## Question 2 continues over the page

University of Bolton
RAK Academic Centre
Accountancy
Semester 1 Examination 2019/20
Financial Accounting Fundamentals
Module No. ACC4013

## Question 2 continued

Required:
(a) Prepare the partnership appropriation account for the year ended 31

December 2019.
(b) Prepare the partner's capital and current accounts using "T" accounts.
(11 Marks)
(c) Explain the importance of drawing up a partnership agreement.

Total 25 marks

## Question 3

The following is the cash book for M Chitambo for the month of July 2019. M Chitambo has identified a possible error in the cash book which needs correcting.

| M. Chitambo Cash Book |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $£$ |  |  | $£$ |  |
| 21-Jul | Balance b/d | 585.00 | 22-Jul | T Potney | 135.00 |  |
| 22-Jul | Sales | 315.00 | 24-Jul | H Bottle | 117.80 |  |
| 24-Jul | C Song | 168.75 | 25-Jul | M Prawn | 82.35 |  |
| 26-Jul | O Paddy | 189.83 | 26-Jul | G Dwane | 43.20 |  |

## Question 3 continues over the page

University of Bolton
RAK Academic Centre
Accountancy
Semester 1 Examination 2019/20
Financial Accounting Fundamentals
Module No. ACC4013

## Question 3 continued

Chitambo received the following bank statement at the end of July 2019:

| Bank Statement : Notty Bank |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Account Holder: M Chitambo |  |  |  |  |  |
| Date | Detail | Debit | Credit | Balance |  |
|  |  | $£$ | $£$ | $£$ |  |
| 21-Jul | BALANCE |  |  | 585.00 |  |
| 22-Jul | T Potney | 135.00 |  | 450.00 |  |
| 22-Jul | Sundries |  | 315.00 | 765.00 |  |
| 24-Jul | H Bottle | 118.80 |  | 646.20 |  |
| 24-Jul | DD Re: RCC | 90.00 |  | 556.20 |  |
| 24-Jul | C Song |  | 168.75 | 724.95 |  |
| 25-Jul | SO Re: A/C <br> 127 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Bank | 30.00 |  | 694.95 |  |
| 27-Jul | Charges | 15.00 |  | 679.95 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DD= Direct Debit <br> SO = Standing Order |  |  |  |  |  |

Required:
(a) Rewrite and balance the cashbook as at 31 July 2019 making any necessary adjustments and bring down any relevant balances.
(10 Marks)
(b) Prepare a Bank Reconciliation Statement as at 31 July 2019.
(c) You work as an accounts clerk in the office of M. Chitambo. One of your tasks at the end of each month is to reconcile the bank statement with the company's cash book. You are due to go on holiday next month. A trainee student will be undertaking the bank reconciliation task. You are required to prepare some instructions that the student can follow when performing the task.

University of Bolton
RAK Academic Centre
Accountancy
Semester 1 Examination 2019/20
Financial Accounting Fundamentals
Module No. ACC4013

## SECTION TWO: Answer ONE question ONLY from this section

## Question 4

(a) Discuss the use of a sales ledger control account, purchase ledger control account and suspense accounts in double-entry book keeping.
(10 Marks)
(b) Define and discuss in brief following accounting concepts: going concern; accruals (or matching): consistency and prudence.

## Total 20 Marks

## Question 5

(a) You are an accounts assistant working at Rollies Chartered Accountants. A part-time trainee accounts assistant is confused with understanding capital and revenue expenditure. You are required to write a memo to her to explain what capital and revenue expenditure is and categorise the following expenditure into capital/revenue or both:

- Purchase of an extra grinding machine (includes $£ 300$ for repair of the old machine) - $£ 1,300$
- Cost of rebuilding warehouse wall which had fallen down - £2,750
- Building extension to warehouse - £21,000
- Painting extension to warehouse when first built - £500
- Cost of repainting the office - $£ 460$
(b) IAS 16 Property Plant and Equipment defines depreciation as "the systematic allocation of the depreciable amount of an asset over it's useful life" (IAS 16 para 6).

The following information relates to Tony and Guss, a textile manufacturer:

Cost
Purchase Date
Depreciation Method

Machine $1 \quad$ Machine 2
£24,000 £16,000
1 July 20X8 1 September 20x9
$20 \%$ straight line $10 \%$ reducing balance
pro rata
pro rata

Required:
Calculate the total depreciation charge for the years ended 31 December 20X8 and 20X9?

