UNIVERSITY OF BOLTON

FACULTY OF HEALTH AND WELLBEING

FdSc DENTAL TECHNOLOGY

SEMESTER TWO EXAMINATION 2018/2019

INTRODUCTORY DENTAL BIOMATERIALS SCIENCE

MODULE NO: DNT4005

Date: Thursday 16 May 2019

Time: 2.00 pm – 3.30 pm

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

There are <u>50</u> questions on this paper.

Answer <u>ALL</u> questions.

Each question is worth 1 mark.

Please use the answer booklet provided. Do not write your answers on the examination paper.

- 1. Which of the following is not an 'ideal' requirement of a dental biomaterial?
 - a. Dimensionally stable.
 - b. Aesthetic
 - c. Ductile
 - d. Low temperature range
- 2. Which metal is considered to have the highest hardness from the list below?
 - a. Pt
 - b. Cu
 - c. Au
 - d. Co
- 3. Which of the following alloys is most suited to the oral environment?
 - a. Stainless Steel
 - b. Cobalt Chromium
 - c. Titanium
 - d. Silver palladium
- 4. Which of the following would have the least impact on a dental material used in the oral cavity?
 - a. Acid
 - b. Expansion
 - c. Temperature changes
 - d. Oral fluids
- 5. Which of the following has the highest strength value as a biomaterial?
 - a. Lithium Disilicate
 - b. Composite
 - c. Gypsum
 - d. Zirconia Oxide

- 6. Which of the following statements relates to the term glass transition?
 - a. A material with high translucency
 - b. Colour stable
 - c. A temperature at which a material can be moulded
 - d. Grain structure
- 7. Which of the following materials is least biocompatible?
 - a. Lithium Disilicate
 - b. Poly Ethyl Ethyl Ketone
 - c. Nickel Chromium
 - d. Zirconia Oxide
- 8. Which statement does not relate to an acrylic denture being selected in preference to a chrome denture?
 - a. Lower cost
 - b. Easier to construct
 - c. Quicker to make
 - d. Thinner in cross section
- 9. Which of the following is a main benefit of using CADCAM techniques?
 - a. Manufacturing consistency.
 - b. Cheaper materials.
 - c. Inaccuracy in comparison to traditional techniques.
- 10. Which material would be chemically least affected by the oral environment?
 - a. Poly methyl methacrylate
 - b. Zirconium Dioxide
 - c. Cobalt Chrome
 - d. Precious gold

- 11. When selecting a denture base alloy what in your opinion would be the most important property?
 - a. Corrosion resistance
 - b. Colour
 - c. Glass transition point
 - d. Strength
- 12. When soldering orthodontic stainless-steel wire what should you avoid?
 - a. Over heating the metal.
 - b. Close metal profiles.
 - c. Using a compatible solder.
 - d. Using flux
- 13. Why is molybdenum used in non-precious alloys?
 - a. Bonding mechanism
 - b. Biocompatibility
 - c. Grain refiner
 - d. Corrosion resistance
- 14. Kaolin is used in ceramics for?
 - a. Strength
 - b. The formation of a glass matrix
 - c. Its opaque properties
 - d. Elongation
- 15. Which of the following metal alloys does not chemically bond with ceramics?
 - a. 51% Gold Alloys
 - b. Nickel chrome
 - c. Stainless steel
 - d. Cobalt chromium

- 16. Base metal alloys may contain elements that are toxic or known to cause allergic reactions in some patients, which of the following is known to cause irritation?
 - a. Gold
 - b. Chromium.
 - c. Cobalt
 - d. Nickel
- 17. For an implant alloy what would be the least important consideration?
 - a. Ductility
 - b. Strength
 - c. Biocompatibility
 - d. Cost
- 18. Benzoyl Peroxide is present in heat cure denture base resin as a:
 - a. Pigment
 - b. Activator
 - c. Inhibitor
 - d. Initiator
- 19. Which type of porosity could be caused by inaccurate mixing ratios of acrylic resins during initial stages of polymerisation?
 - a. Gaseous porosity
 - b. Contraction porosity
 - c. Granular porosity
 - d. Expansion porosity
- 20. Cobalt is used in alloys to produce high levels of strength:
 - a. True
 - b. False

- 21. Stainless steel wires used in orthodontics are made from:
 - a. 21/11 austenitic stainless steel
 - b. 18/8 austenitic stainless steel
 - c. 18/16 austenitic stainless steel
 - d. 19/8 austenitic stainless steel
- 22. Which of the following materials are least likely to be milled by CAD CAM technology?
 - a. Composite
 - b. Acetal
 - c. Zirconium
 - d. Gold Alloys
- 23. A metallic clasp that is incorrectly placed in an undercut will eventually permanently deform because:
 - a. The elastic limit has been exceeded
 - b. There is insufficient elasticity in the alloy
 - c. There is excessive flexibility in the alloy
 - d. The elastic limit has been unattained
- 24. Implant surfaces are designed to encourage osseo-integration by:
 - a. Encouraging bacterial colonies
 - b. Smooth surface topography
 - c. Surface treatments including acid etching, abrading and plasma
 - d. Cement bonding

- 25. The materials used to fabricate a milled CAD CAM implant substructure are advantageous over those materials used in the lost wax process because:
 - a. Proper manipulation of the milling material can produce a passive fit
 - b. Problems of distortion encountered when using dental waxes are removed
 - c. Potential casting problems inherent when casting dental alloys are removed
 - d. All of the above
- 26. The following custom made device should be acid etched before leaving the dental laboratory:
 - a. Porcelain veneers
 - b. Gold shell crowns
 - c. Full Dentures
 - d. Polyether Ether Ketone
- 27. What is the ideal surface finish for metal based restorations?
 - a. Rubber matt finish
 - b. Full metal restorations cannot be highly polished
 - c. Highly polished
 - d. Air abraded.
- 28. The surface of an alloy used to fuse with porcelain is prepared to increase:
 - a. Micro mechanical retention
 - b. Non chemical attraction between materials.
 - c. Sharp, angled surfaces
 - d. Translucency.

- 29. The two main types of soft lining material are?
 - Silicone based. a.
 - Aluminium based. b.
 - Poly methyl methacrylate based. C.
 - Composite based. d.
- Stainless steel wires when bent a number of times, break through the grain 30. boundaries within the metal:
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 31. As a metal cools it changes state from a liquid to a solid this is initiated by:
 - Formation of stable nucleus. a.
 - Grains. b.
 - Inhibitor. C.
 - d. Metallic grains forming until the metal is at room temperature.
- 32. Which of the following types of gold alloy is the least brittle?
 - 1 a.
 - 2 b.
 - 3 c. 4
 - d.
- 33. Composite materials are most commonly cured under:
 - a. Blue light
 - White light b.
 - Ultraviolet light C.
 - All of the above. d.

- 34. Why is cobalt chromium used for partial denture fabrication?
 - a. Softer and more malleable than acrylic
 - b. Insulates the soft tissue
 - c. Can be cast in thin cross sections
 - d. Easily formed around teeth
- 35. Ductile materials are classified from an elongation percentage of more than:
 - a. 2%
 - b. 3%
 - c. 5%
 - d. 7%
- 36. Ceramic materials have high compressive strength:
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 37. Cold cure resins are weaker than heat cure resins by approximately:
 - a. 10%
 - b. 20%
 - c. 30%
 - d. 40%
- 38. Platinum is used in an alloy to reduce the melting range?



- 39. Galvanism occurs in the mouth when:
 - a. Similar metals are in contact with each other
 - b. Patient has a dry mouth
 - c. Dissimilar metals are in contact in the presence of an electrolyte
 - d. Dissimilar metals are in contact
- 40. Dental alloys have melting ranges?
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 41. Aesthetic layering ceramic materials are made up of?
 - a. Gypsum, Kaolin and Zirconia
 - b. Feldspar, Quartz, Kaolin
 - c. Ceramic and Acrylic Resins
 - d. Metal Alloy, Kaolin, and Amalgam
- 42. Glaze is used on porcelain surfaces of crowns to:
 - a. Close the porosity associated with dental ceramics
 - b. To reduce attrition of opposing dentition.
 - c. Reduce uptake of oral fluids.
 - d. All of the above
- 43. Surfaces of materials appear dull because:
 - a. reflected light is directed directly back to the source
 - b. reflected light is directed away from the source

- 44. When the patient presents deep undercuts, clasps used for retention should ideally be constructed using:
 - a. cast gold alloy
 - b. wrought wire
 - c. cobalt chromium
 - d. ceramics
- 45. High performance polymers PEEK and PEKK possess flexural strength properties that match natural bone properties:
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 46. Which of the following alloys has the potential to release the most ions into the oral environment when in contact with a different metal?
 - a. Cobalt Chromium
 - b. Low gold content alloys
 - c. Silver palladium alloys
 - d. High gold metal alloys
- 47. Which of the following materials has the least compressive strength?
 - a. Acrylic Resin
 - b. Lithium Disilicate
 - c. Composite
 - d. Feldspathic Porcelain

48. Heat cure acrylics retain more residual monomer than cold cure resins?

- a. True
- b. False

- 49. Density is an important property when centrifugal casting metals because?
 - a. It makes the cast cleaner.
 - b. The investment is easier to devest.
 - c. Grain structure of the alloy is organised.
 - d. It makes the metal easier to cast.

50. What is the average temperature rise caused by an exothermic reaction in acrylic during the initial stages of polymerisation?

- a. 10°c
- b. 20°c
- c. 30°c
- d. 40°c

END OF QUESTIONS