

UNIVERSITY OF BOLTON

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING

**MSC SYSTEMS ENGINEERING AND ENGINEERING
MANAGEMENT**

SEMESTER ONE EXAMINATION 2018/2019

INTELLIGENT SYSTEMS

MODULE NO: EEM7010

Date: Monday 14th January 2019

Time: 10:00 – 12:00

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

There are **FIVE** questions.

Answer **ANY THREE** questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

Marks for parts of questions are shown in brackets.

All working must be shown. A numerical solution to a question obtained by programming an electronic calculator will not be accepted.

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Question 1

This question relates to the perceptron neural network

- a) Using diagrams to clearly identify, with reasons, the type of applications the perceptron network could be used and the types it couldn't be used. **(6 marks)**
- b) A classification problem with three classes of input vectors \mathbf{p} and corresponds to their targets \mathbf{t} is shown below:

$$\text{Class 1: } \{p_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, t_1 = 1\},$$

$$\text{Class 2: } \{p_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, t_2 = 1\},$$

$$\text{Class 3: } \{p_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, t_3 = 0\}$$

- i) Draw a diagram of the perceptron network and determine the minimum number of neurons needed to solve this problem. **(4 marks)**
- ii) Critically define the transfer function, the neuron output and learning rules for the perceptron neural network designed in i) above. **(6 marks)**
- iii) If the initial values for the network weights and biases have been chosen as

$$W(0) = [0.5 \ 0.5] \quad b(0) = [0]$$

Apply each input vector in order to complete 3 repetitions to generate values of weights $W(3)$ and biases $b(3)$ for the problem. **(6 marks)**

- iv) Using the values of weights $W(3)$ and biases $b(3)$ generated to check whether the problem has been solved or not. **(3 marks)**

Total 25 marks

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Question 2

This question relates to the back propagation supervised neural network

a) Using back propagation algorithm to approximate the function:

$$f(x) = x + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$\text{for } 0 \leq x \leq +2$$

A 1 – 2 – 1 network architecture with transfer functions in the first layer are Log-Sigmoid and second layer is Linear shown in Figure Q2 below:

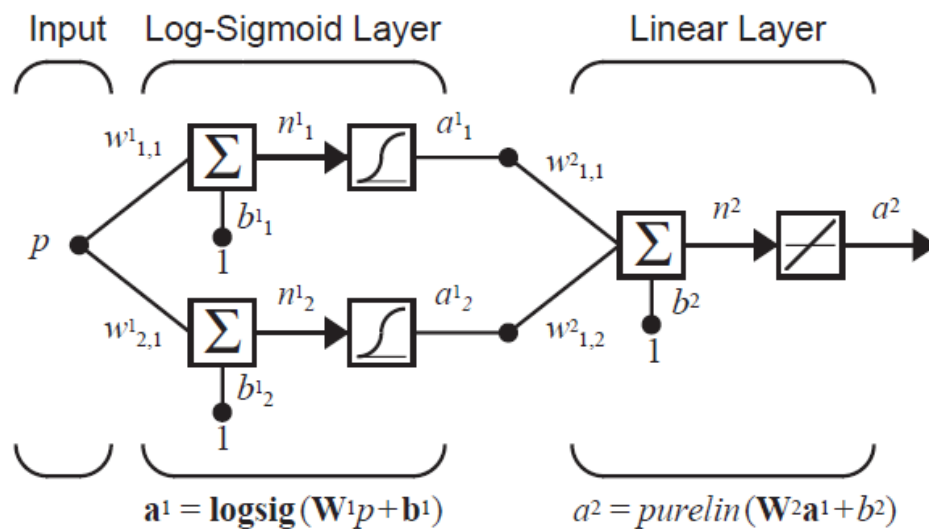


Figure Q2

If the initial values for the network weights and biases have been chosen as

$$W^1(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1 \\ -0.2 \end{bmatrix} \quad b^1(0) = \begin{bmatrix} -0.5 \\ -0.3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$W^2(0) = [0.3 \quad 0.2] \quad b^2(0) = [0.4]$$

Perform one iteration of back propagation with input $a^0 = p = 1$ and learning rate $\alpha = 0.6$.

(20 marks)

b) Explain possible difficulties during using the basic back propagation algorithm on practical problems.

(5 marks)

Total 25 Marks

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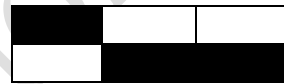
Question 3

This question relates to the Hebbian neural network

- a) Describe Hebb's Postulate and how his learning law been applied into supervised and unsupervised neural network algorithms. **(10 marks)**
- b) Consider the two prototype patterns shown in Figure Q3(b).
- i) Check if these two patterns are orthogonal. **(3 marks)**
- ii) Normalise the input P1 **(2 marks)**
- iii) Use the Hebb rule to design an autoassociator network that will recognise these two patterns and determine the weight matrix. **(6 marks)**



P1



P2



Pt

Figure Q3 (b)

- iv) Find the response of the network to the pattern. **(4 marks)**

Total 25 Marks

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Question 4

This question is related to Kohonen Network and the winner-takes-all neural network:

- Clearly identify the differences between a supervised learning and an unsupervised learning. **(4 marks)**
- Explain the function of biases used in the Kohonen Network **(3 marks)**
- Draw an architecture of the Kohonen Network and explain its working principles. **(8 marks)**
- A Kohonen network receives the four input pattern P

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 0.2 \\ 0.5 \\ -0.7 \\ 0.1 \end{bmatrix}$$

and with three neurons in the network which have weights

$$W1 = \begin{bmatrix} -0.1 \\ 0.4 \\ 0.8 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad W2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 \\ 0.3 \\ -0.6 \\ 0.2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad W3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.2 \\ -0.5 \\ -0.8 \\ 0.1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Using the “winner-takes-all” learning algorithm to determine

- the neuron that will have its weights adjusted **(7 marks)**
- the new values of the weights, suppose that the learning coefficient is 0.5. **(3 marks)**

Total 25 Marks

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Question 5

This question relates to a self organising map (SOM) neural network

- a) Compare and contrast the SOM neural network with the winner-takes-all neural network **(8 marks)**
- b) Discuss the following main aspects of the algorithm for the Kohonen self organising map (SOM)
- i) the best matching node (BMN) m
 - ii) the neighbourhood (N_m) of the BMN and its spatial extent as training progresses
 - iii) the Gaussian form for the learning function $\alpha = \alpha(N_i, t)$
- (10 marks)**
- c) Using sketches to identify the difference between a pattern space and a feature space and explain the importance to map a pattern space into a feature space in SOM neural network. **(7 marks)**

Total 25 Marks

END OF QUESTIONS