UNIVERSITY OF BOLTON

WESTERN INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE FZE

BEng (HONS) CIVIL ENGINEERING

SEMESTER ONE EXAMINATION 2018/2019

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS AND STRUCTURES

MODULE NO: CIE5004

Time: 10.00am to 1.00pm Date: Tuesday 8th January 2019

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

There are FOUR questions on this paper. Answer ALL questions.

Answer Section A and Section B questions in separate answer books.

Marks for parts of questions are shown in the brackets.

This examination paper carries a total of 100 marks.

Formula sheet to be used in Section B is attached on Page 7 of this paper.

All working must be shown. A numerical solution to a question obtained programming by electronic calculator will not be

accepted.

SECTION A: STRUCTURES

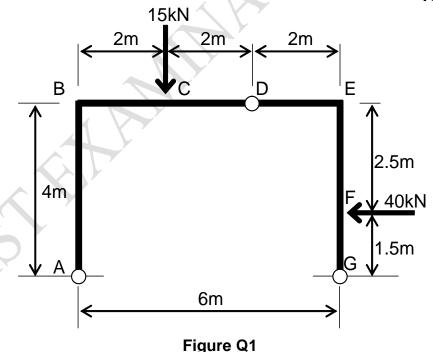
Question 1

A three-pin frame is shown in **Figure Q1**. The frame is supported at A and G by pins, and a third pin is positioned at D. There is a vertical load of 15 kN acting at C and a horizontal load of 40 kN acting at point F.

- a. Determine the magnitudes and directions of the vertical and horizontal reactions at A and G. (4 marks)
- b. Draw the Axial Force Diagram. (6 marks)
- c. Draw the Shear Force Diagram. (7 marks)
- d. Draw the Bending Moment Diagram. (8 marks)

For parts b, c and d, show all important values on the diagrams and produce accompanying calculations to show how these values have been derived.

Total 25 marks



Please turn the page

Question 2

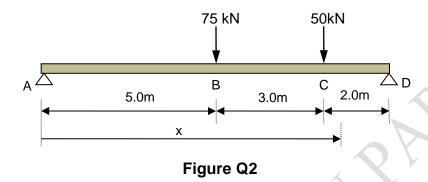


Figure Q2 shows a beam ABCD which is simply supported with a span of 10.0 metres. The beam carries two point loads as shown in **Figure Q2**. The beam has uniform rigidity $EI = 20,000 kNm^2$.

- a. Use the method of Macaulay to calculate
 - i. Rotation (Slope) at A
 - ii. Vertical Deflection at B

(17 marks)

b. Estimate the value of x at which the slope will be zero and hence find the maximum deflection of the beam.

(8 marks)

Formula for the deflection of a beam: $M = -EI \frac{d^2v}{dx^2}$

Total 25 marks

End of section A

Please turn the page for Section B

Please turn the page

SECTION B: ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS

Question 3

- a. The **Table Q3(a)** shows the volumes of concrete produced daily in m³ from a plant during two weeks.
 - i. Using coding method determine the mean
 - ii. Determine the standard deviation
 - iii. Check whether there is any outlier and list if any.

Table Q3(a)

Volume of concrete	produced daily in m ³
60	39
52	58
69	57
48	35
64	40
80	65
63	42

(15 marks)

b. The time taken in minutes for the failure of 50 concrete cube specimens is measured in minutes and the results are as shown in **Table Q3(b)** below. Produce a suitable frequency distribution with about seven classes for this data on the graph paper provided and by using histogram of the data find the mode.

Table Q3(b): Time in minutes

	rabio qo(b): rimo in minatos								
8.0	8.6	8.2	7.5	8.0	9.1	8.5	7.6	8.2	7.8
8.3	7.1	8.1	8.3	8.7	7.8	8.7	8.5	8.4	8.5
7.7	8.4	7.9	8.8	7.2	8.1	7.8	8.2	7.7	7.5
8.1	7.4	8.8	8.0	8.4	8.5	8.1	7.3	9.0	8.6
7.4	8.2	8.4	7.7	8.3	8.2	7.9	8.5	7.9	8.0

(10 marks)

Total 25 marks Please turn the page

Question 4

- a. The probability of a structural component failing in a year due to excessive temperature is 1/30, due to excessive vibration is 1/15 and due to excessive humidity is 1/55. Determine the probability that during a year the component
 - i. Fails due to excessive temperature and excessive vibration
 - ii. Fails due to excessive vibration or excessive humidity
 - iii. Will not fail because of both excessive temperature and excessive humidity
 - iv. Will not fail because of excessive temperature and vibration

(5 marks)

- b. An inspection showed that out of 60 precast concrete piles produced from a plant, six are damaged during transporting it to the construction site. If six piles are drawn at random determine the probabilities that in the sample
 - i. Two are damaged
 - ii.Fewer than three are damaged

(3 marks)

- c. If 5% of compression testing machines produced by a factory are defective, determine the probability that in a sample of 25 compression testing machines
 - i. Two are defective
 - ii. More than two are defective

(3marks)

d. A steel column cannot be used in a certain construction if it has a diameter of less than 69cm. In a batch of 350 columns, the mean diameter is 75cm and the standard deviation is 2.8cm. Assuming the diameters are uniformly distributed, determine how many columns cannot be used for the construction. The standard normal distribution chart is provided on page 8.

(2 marks)

e. The quality assurance department of a firm selects 250 capacitors at random from a large quantity of them and carries out various tests on them. The results obtained are as shown in **Table 4(a)**

Question 4 continued over the page Please turn the page

Question 4 Continued

Table 4(a): Test Results

Number of tests	Number of capacitors			
failed				
0	113			
1	77			
2	39			
3	16			
4	4			
5	1			
6 and above	0			

Test the goodness of fit of this distribution to a Poisson distribution at a level of significance of 0.05. The χ^2 distribution chart is provided on page 9.

(12 marks)

Total 25 marks

END OF SECTION B

END OF QUESTIONS

Formula Sheet

1. Mean and Standard Deviation

For n values $x_1, x_2, x_3, ..., x_n$

$$\overline{x} = \frac{\sum x}{n}$$
; $s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x - \overline{x})^2}{n}}$

1. Chi square test

$$\lambda^2 = \frac{\sum (O - E)^2}{E} \qquad v = (k-m)$$

3. Binomial expansion

$$(q+p)^n = q^n + nq^{n-1}p + \underline{n(n-1)} q^{n-2} \underline{p^2} + \underline{n(n-1)(n-2)q^{n-3}p^3} + \dots$$

4. Normal Distribution

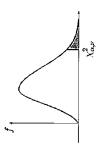
$$z = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}$$

5. Poisson Distribution

$$Pr(x) = e^{-\mu} \mu^x / x!$$

888888 31 27 25 23 21 17 15 13 တတြထယြက Number of standard deviations from mean Columns of mean difference in Pr(z) 13|2|49 222282 8 8 7 8 B 27 27 28 28 27 27 27 2 2 2 5 8 9 2 2 2 2 0 2 4 -|6|0 22 23 24 27 6 2 2 3 3 3 3 **4** € 0 0 0 4 19 19 19 19 4 2 2 2 0 8 ~ ပ ပ 0000 5 5 0 8 8 7 9 9 5 4 4 6 6 6 6 N 00 8888 သဖြစ ကက 4 4 4 4 က က က က က 0000 0000 9 0359 0753 1141 1517 1879 2224 2549 2852 3133 3389 3621 3830 4015 4177 4319 4441 4545 4633 4633 4767 4817 4857 4890 4916 4936 4952 4964 4974 4981 4986 8 0319 0714 1480 1844 2190 2517 2823 3106 3365 3599 3810 3997 4162 4306 4429 4535 4625 4625 4761 4812 4854 4887 4913 4934 Standard Normal Distribution Table 4931 4963 4973 4980 4986 Columns giving values of Pr(z) = shaded area under graph N.B. Only the first column shows '0.'. In other columns, it is assumed. 0278 0675 1064 1808 2157 2486 2794 3078 3340 3577 3790 3980 4147 4292 4418 4525 4616 4616 4756 4808 4850 4884 4911 4932 4949 4962 4972 4980 4985 6 0239 1026 1406 1772 2123 2454 2764 3051 3315 4803 4881 4881 4909 4931 3554 3770 3962 4131 4279 4406 4515 4608 4608 4750 4940 4961 1979 4984 5 0199 0596 0987 1368 1736 2088 2734 3032 3289 3531 3749 3944 4115 4265 4394 4505 4599 4744 4798 4842 4878 4906 4906 4946 4960 4970 4978 4984 0160 0557 0948 1331 1700 2054 2389 2704 2995 3264 4382 4495 4591 4738 3508 3729 3925 4099 4251 4793 4838 4875 4904 4927 4945 4959 4969 4977 4983 2019 2357 2673 2967 3238 3485 3708 3907 4082 4236 4357 4484 4592 4592 4732 0517 0910 1293 1664 4788 4834 4871 4901 4925 4943 4957 4968 4977 4983 0080 0478 0871 1255 1628 1985 2324 2642 2939 3212 3461 3686 3888 4066 4222 4345 4474 4573 4573 4783 4830 4868 4898 4922 4941 4956 4967 4976 4982 0040 0438 0832 1217 1491 3438 3665 3869 4049 4207 2291 2611 2611 2910 3186 4345 4452 4564 4564 4719 4826 4865 4896 4920 4940 4955 4966 4975 4975 0.3413 0.3643 0.3849 0.4032 0.4192 0.0000 0.0398 0.793 0.1179 0.1554 0.1915 0.2257 0.2580 0.2881 0.3159 0.4332 0.4452 0.4554 0.4641 0.4713 0.4772 0.4821 0.4861 0.4893 0.4918 0.4938 0.4953 0.4965 0.4974 0.4981 0.4987 0.4990 0.4993 N 0 0 0 0 0 4 0.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3.7 2.0





Percentage Points of the χ ² Distribution

Table of χ^2 distribution for v degrees of freedom

18.475 20.090 21.666 23.209 24.725 26.217 27.688 29.141 30.578 45.642 46.963 48.278 49.588 50.892 28.633 30.191 31.526 32.852 34.170 26.296 27.587 28.869 30.144 31.410 38.885 40.133 41.337 42.557 43.773 23.542 24.769 25.989 27.204 28.412 35.563 36.741 37.916 39.087 40.256 20.465 21.615 22.760 23.204 25.038 31.795 32.912 31.391 35.139 36.250 19.369 20.489 21.605 22.718 23.828 24.935 26.039 22.337 28.241 29.339 20.337 21.337 18.137 23.337 24.337 25.336 26.336 27.330 28.336 29.336 17.182 18.101 17.187 19.943 20.807 21.792 22.719 23.647 24.577 25.508 .0642 .0642 .446 1.005 1.005 3.822 3.070 3.822 4.594 5.380 6.179 6.989 7.807 8.634 9.467 17.292 18.114 18.939 19.768 20.599 .90 .0158 .211 .584 1.064 1.1640 2.204 2.833 3.490 4.468 6.304 6.304 7.790 8.547 9.312 10.085 10.865 11.651 2.443 13.240 4.041 1.688 5.659 6.473 0.851 0.851 0.851 8 975 5.641 7.255 7.906 8.567 9.237 3.897 3.542 10.195 10.856 11.524 395

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